اَلْبَابُ السَّابِعُ

حَجُّ بَيْتِ اللهِ تَعَالَى جِهَادٌ

CHAPTER SEVEN

Pilgrimage to the House of Allah is Jihad ١/٥٦. عَنْ عَائِشَةَ أُمِّ الْـمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴾، قَالَتْ: اسْتَأْذَنْتُ النَّبِيَّ ﴿ فِي فِي الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴾ قَالَتْ: اسْتَأْذَنْتُ النَّبِيِّ ﴿ فِي الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ

وَقَالَ عَبْدُ اللهِ بْنُ الْوَلِيدِ: حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ، عَنْ مُعَاوِيَةَ بِهَذَا. رَوَاهُ الْبُخَارِيُّ وَأَحْمَدُ.

56/1. According to the mother of the believers, 'Ā'isha ::

"When I sought permission for jihad from the Prophet ,he said: 'Your jihad is Pilgrimage.'"

'Abd Allāh b. al-Walīd said: "Sufyān narrated to us the same from Mu'āwiya."

Reported by al-Bukhārī and Aḥmad.

57/2. The mother of the believers, 'Ā'isha &, submitted:
"'O Messenger of Allah! We consider jihad a meritorious
act; should we also perform jihad?' He said: 'The commendable

act; should we also perform jihad?' He said: 'The commendabl jihad is a Pilgrimage free of wrongdoings.'"²

¹ Set forth by •al-Bukhārī in al-Ṣaḥīh, 3:1054 \$2720. •Aḥmad b. anbal in al-Musnad, 6:165 \$25364. •Abd al-Razzāq in al-Muṣannaf, 5:8 \$8811. •Isḥāq b. Rāhawayh in al-Musnad, 2:447 \$1015.

² Set forth by •al-Bukhārī in al-Ṣaḥīḥ, 2:553 \$1448, & 3:1026 \$2632.

Reported by al-Bukhārī, Abū Ya'lā and al-Bayhaqī.

٣/٥٨. عَنْ أُمِّ سَلَمَةَ ﷺ، قَالَتْ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللهِ ﷺ: اَخُجُّ جِهَادُ كُلِّ ضَعِيْفٍ. ضَعِيْفٍ.

رَوَاهُ أَحْمَدُ وَابْنُ مَاجَه وَابْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ وَأَبُو يَعْلَى وَابْنُ الْجَعْدِ وَالطَّبَرَانِيُّ.

58/3. According to Umm Salama 4:

"Allah's Messenger & said: 'Pilgrimage is an act of jihad for every debilitated old person."

Reported by Aḥmad, Ibn Mājah, Ibn Abī Shayba, Abū Yaʿla, Ibn al-Jaʿd and al-Ṭabarānī.

٥٥/٤. عَنْ طَلْحَةَ بْنِ عُبَيْدِ اللهِ ﴿ مَا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ عَبَيْدِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ عَبَيْدِ اللهِ اللهِ عَبَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْ مَا اللهِ عَلَيْهِ مَا اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْ مَا اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْدِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلْمِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَي

رَوَاهُ ابْنُ مَاجَه وَالطَّبَرَانِيُّ.

59/4. Țalḥa b. 'Ubayd Allāh reported that he heard Allah's Messenger & say:

"Pilgrimage is like jihad (in striving hard), and 'umra (a pious visit) is like a supererogatory act (in reward)." 2

[•]Abū Yaʿlā in al-Musnad, 8:166 §4717. •al-Bayhaqī in al-Sunan al-kubrā, 9:21 §17583.

¹ Set forth by •Aḥmad b. anbal in al-Musnad, 6:294, 303, 314 §26563, 26627, 26716. •Ibn Mājah in al-Sunan, 2:968 §2902. •Ibn Abī Shayba in al-Muṣannaf, 3:122 §12656. •Abū Yaʿlā in al-Musnad, 12:347, 458 §6916, 7029. •Ibn al-Jaʿd in al-Musnad, p. 486 §3380. •al-Ṭabarānī in al-Muʿjam al-kabīr, 23:292 §647.

² Set forth by •Ibn Mājah in al-Sunan, 2:995 §2989. •al-Ṭabarānī in al-Mu^cjam al-awsaṭ, 7:171 §6723.

Reported by Ibn Mājah and al-Ṭabarānī.

٠٦/٥٠. عَنْ أَبِى هُرَيْرَةَ ﴿ عَنْ رَسُوْلِ اللهِ ﴿ قَالَ: جِهَادُ الْكَبِيْرِ وَالضَّغِيْرِ وَالضَّغِيْرِ وَالضَّغِيْنِ وَالضَّغِيْرِ وَالضَّغِيْنِ وَالْضَّعِيْفِ وَالْـمَرْأَةِ: اَلْحُجُّ وَالْعُمْرَةُ.

رَوَاهُ النَّسَائِيُّ وَذَكَرَهُ الْـمَقْدِسِيُّ وَالْـمَغْرِبِيُّ وَالْمَيْثَمِيُّ وَالْمَيْثَمِيُّ وَالْمَيْثَمِيُّ وَاللَّيُوطِيُّ وَالْمِيْدُيُّ: رَوَاهُ أَحْمَدُ وَرِجَالُهُ رِجَالُ الطَّيْشِيُّ: رَوَاهُ أَحْمَدُ وَرِجَالُهُ رِجَالُ الطَّحِيْح.

60/5. According to Abū Hurayra 3:

"Allah's Messenger said: 'Pilgrimage and 'umra (a pious visit) are acts of jihad for the elderly, the tender, the weak and womenfolk."

Reported by al-Nasā'ī and cited by al-Maqdisī, al-Maghribī, al-Haythamī, al-Suyūṭī and al-Hindī. According to al-Haythamī: "This tradition is reported by Aḥmad and its sources are those of Saḥīḥ Muslim."

¹ Set forth by •al-Nasā'ī in al-Sunan, 5:113 §2626. •al-Maqdisī in al-Furū', 1:417. •Abū ʿAbd Allāh al-Maghribī in Mawāhib al-jalīl, 2:480. •al-Haythamī in Majmaʿ al-zawā'id, 3:206. •al-ʿAynī in ʿUmda al-qārī, 9:134. •al-Suyūṭī in Jāmiʿ al-aḥādīth, 4:200 §11069. •al-Hindī in Kanz al-ʿummāl fī sunan al-aqwāl wa al-afʿāl, 5:7 §11845.